

	Working towards Y7 Expected standards	Y7 Expected Standards	Y8 Expected Standards + knowledge of Y7 standards	Y9 Expected Standards + knowledge of Y8 standards (Y9 GCSE SoW)	Working above Y9 Expected Standards (Y10 GCSE SoW)	Working well above Y9 Expected Standards (Y11 GCSE SoW)
Number	<p>* Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100.</p> <p>*Round positive whole numbers to the nearest 10 and 100.</p> <p>* Understand negative numbers & order them.</p> <p>* Use standard column procedures to + & - whole numbers and decimals with up to 1 place.</p> <p>* Multiply and divide 2 and 3-digit by 1-digit whole numbers.</p> <p>* Recognise multiples or factors.</p> <p>*Know that squaring a number means multiply it by itself</p> <p>*Use fraction notation to describe parts of shapes.</p> <p>*Reduce a simple fractions to its simplest form.</p> <p>*Begin to add & subtract simple fractions, only those with common denominators or calculate <u>simple</u> fractions of quantities & measurements.</p>	<p>*Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100, 1000 & explain the effect, compare and order decimals in different contexts & units.</p> <p>*Round positive whole numbers to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 & decimals to the nearest whole number.</p> <p>*Understand negative numbers, order them and perform simple calculations involving negative numbers.</p> <p>*Use standard column procedures to add and subtract whole numbers and decimals with up to two places and interpret different contexts.</p> <p>*Multiply and divide three-digit by two-digit whole numbers. Multiply and divide decimals by single-digit whole numbers.</p> <p>*Recognise and use multiples and factors.</p> <p>*Know the square numbers up to 10 x 10.</p> <p>*Use fraction notation to describe parts of shapes and to express a smaller whole number as a fraction of a larger one. Use a diagram to compare two or more simple fractions.</p> <p>*Reduce a fraction to its simplest form by cancelling common factors.</p> <p>*Can add & subtract simple fractions, only those with common denominators. Calculate <u>simple</u> fractions of quantities and measurements.</p> <p>*Understand percentage as the 'number of parts per 100'.</p>	<p>*Use understanding of place value to multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 and explain the effect.</p> <p>*Use known facts, place value, knowledge of operations and brackets to calculate including using all four operations with decimals to two places.</p> <p>*Apply inverse operations and approximate to check answers to problems are of the correct magnitude.</p> <p>*Understand and use an appropriate non-calculator method for solving problems that involve multiplying and dividing any three digit number by any two-digit number.</p> <p>*Use squares, positive & negative square roots, cubes & cube roots, and index notation for small positive integer powers. Use index notation for integer powers and simple instances of the index laws.</p> <p>*Recognise and use number patterns and relationships eg. multiples, factors, primes. Including set theory, using Venn diagrams: appreciate the infinite nature of the sets of integers, real and rational numbers.</p> <p>*Reduce a fraction to its simplest form by cancelling common factors.</p> <p>* Add and subtract fractions that have a common denominator, including mixed numbers.</p> <p>*Use a calculator where appropriate to calculate fractions/percentages of quantities/measurements.</p> <p>*Round decimals to the nearest decimal place; order, subtract and add negative numbers in context.</p> <p>*Simple fraction decimal conversions.</p>	<p>*Rounding to decimal places & significant figures.</p> <p>*Order integers, decimals and fractions</p> <p>*Add, subtract, multiply and divide negative numbers.</p> <p>*Hierarchy of operations (BIDMAS).</p> <p>*Using functions, interpret the reverse process as the 'inverse function'.</p> <p>*Understand and use an appropriate non-calculator method for solving problems that involve multiplying and dividing any three digit number by any two-digit number.</p> <p>*Laws of indices.</p> <p>*Able to change ordinary numbers to standard form & vice versa.</p> <p>*Able to find Multiples, Factors & Primes.</p> <p>*Add/Subtract/Multiply/Divide fractions w/out a calculator.</p> <p>*Percentage increase & decrease</p> <p>*Compound Interest & depreciation</p> <p>*Calculate reverse percentages</p> <p>*Can calculate one quantity as a percentage of another.</p> <p>*Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions.</p>	<p>*Find limits of accuracy.</p> <p>*Solve problems involving limits of accuracy.</p> <p>*Perform standard form calculations with & without a calculator.</p> <p>*Rational numbers and reciprocals.</p> <p>*Able to manipulate surds.</p> <p>*Find the LCM and HCF using Prime Factors, including use of Venn diagrams.</p> <p>*Add/Subtract/Multiply/Divide fractions with a calculator.</p> <p>*Change recurring decimals into their corresponding fractions and vice versa.</p> <p>*Change freely between related standard units eg. time, length, area, volume/capacity, mass and compound units e.g. speed, rates of pay, prices, density, pressure in numerical and algebraic contexts.</p>	<p>*Find exact solutions involving fractions, surds and multiples of π; simplify surd expressions and rationalise.</p>
Ratio & Proportion & Rates of Change	<p>*Use ratio notation.</p> <p>* Recognise simple number patterns and relationships.</p>	<p>*Use ratio notation, reduce a ratio to its simplest form.</p> <p>*Recognise and use simple number patterns and relationships.</p>	<p>*Understand simple ratio, Consolidate understanding of the relationship between ratio and proportion.</p> <p>*Reduce a ratio to its simplest form, including a ratio expressed in different units, recognising links with fraction notation</p> <p>*Divide a quantity into two or more parts in a given ratio; use the unitary method to solve simple word problems involving ratio and direct proportion.</p> <p>*Solve simple problems involving ratio and direct proportion.</p> <p>*Use equivalence between fractions and order fractions and decimals.</p>	<p>*Solving problems involving Distance, Speed and Time.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving Direct Proportion & Best Buys.</p>	<p>*Plot and interpret graphs of non-standard functions in real contexts, to find approximate solutions to problems such as simple kinematic problems involving distance & speed.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving Density, Mass and Volume.</p>	<p>* Plot & interpret graphs and solve problems involving acceleration.</p>

<p>Algebra</p>	<p>*Describe simple integer sequences.</p> <p>*Know the meanings of <i>term, expression</i> or <i>equation</i>.</p> <p>*Begin to be able to simplify linear algebraic expressions by collecting positive like terms.</p> <p>*Express and solve simple functions in words.</p>	<p>*Describe simple integer sequences, generate terms of a simple sequence given a rule and practical contexts.</p> <p>*Know the meanings of <i>term, expression</i> and <i>equation</i>.</p> <p>*Simplify linear algebraic expressions by collecting positive like terms.</p> <p>*Express and solve simple functions in words, then using symbols; represent them in mappings.</p> <p>*Use and interpret conventions/ notation for 2-D coordinates in the first quadrant.</p>	<p>*Generate terms of a sequence using term-to-term and position-to-term definitions of the sequence.</p> <p>*Construct, express in symbolic form, and use simple formulae involving one or two operations.</p> <p>*Substitute integers into formulae.</p> <p>*Simplify and transform linear expressions by collecting like terms. *Multiply a single bracket.</p> <p>*Construct & solve simple linear equations with integer coefficients.</p> <p>*Begin to use graphs and set up equations to solve simple problems involving direct proportion.</p> <p>*Use and interpret Coordinates in all four quadrants.</p>	<p>*Substitute into formulae & expressions, incl. scientific formulae.</p> <p>*Change of subject for simple formulae.</p> <p>*Expand double brackets.</p> <p>*Factorise simple algebraic expressions.</p> <p>*Construct & solve linear equations.</p> <p>*Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of identities & inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to draw Linear Graphs by plotting.</p> <p>*Know the difference between an equation and an identity.</p>	<p>*Using functions, interpret the succession of two functions as a 'composite function' (the use of formal function notation is expected).</p> <p>*Manipulate algebraic expressions.</p> <p>*Change of subject for harder formulae</p> <p>*Simplify algebraic fractions.</p> <p>*Simplifying expressions involving sums, products and powers, including the laws of indices.</p> <p>*Solve simultaneous equations.</p> <p>*Solving problems using simultaneous equations.</p> <p>*Solve inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to use $y=mx+c$ to draw a graph.</p> <p>*Factorising quadratic expressions of the form $x^2 + bx + c$, including the difference of two squares.</p> <p>*Use trial & improvement.</p> <p>*Argue mathematically to show algebraic expressions are equivalent.</p> <p>*Use algebra to support and construct simple arguments and proofs.</p>	<p>*Solve simultaneous equations – one linear and one non-linear – algebraically & with graphs.</p> <p>*Solving equations by the method of intersection.</p> <p>*Shade regions by graphing Inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to find the equation of graphs of related parallel and perpendicular lines.</p> <p>*Able to draw Quadratic Graphs.</p> <p>*Recognise significant Points on quadratic graphs</p> <p>*Recognise & sketch other graphs eg. Cubic & reciprocal.</p> <p>*Recognise & sketch the trig graphs.</p> <p>*Transformation of graphs $y = f(x)$</p> <p>*Factorising quadratic expressions of the form: $ax^2 + bx + c$ ($a \neq 1$).</p> <p>*Solving quadratic equations by factorisation.</p> <p>*Solving quadratic equations by the quadratic formula.</p> <p>*Solving quadratic equation by completing the square.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving quadratic equations.</p> <p>*Using trial & Improvement, using iteration.</p> <p>*Use algebra to support and construct harder arguments and proofs.</p>
<p>Geometry & Measures</p>	<p>*Identify a line of symmetry of a 2-D shape.</p> <p>*Is able to find the perimeter and area of a rectangle by counting.</p> <p>*Is able to identify coordinates in the first quadrant</p> <p>*Is beginning to be able to read simple scales.</p> <p>*Can recognise and know the names of triangles.</p> <p>*Identify parallel lines; know the sum of angles at a point or on a straight line or in a triangle.</p> <p>*Is beginning to be able to use a protractor.</p>	<p>*Identify all the symmetries of 2-D shapes.</p> <p>*Reflect simple shapes in a mirror line.</p> <p>*Know and use the formula for the perimeter and area of a rectangle.</p> <p>*Read and interpret simple scales on a range of measuring instruments.</p> <p>*Use vocabulary, notation & labelling conventions for lines, the sides & angles of triangles & other shapes.</p> <p>*Identify parallel lines; know the sum of angles at a point, on a straight line and in a triangle.</p> <p>*Use a protractor to measure acute angles.</p>	<p>*Use a wider range of properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes and identify all the symmetries of 2-D shapes.</p> <p>*Reason about position and movement and transform shapes.</p> <p>*Understand and use the formula for the area of a rectangle and distinguish area from perimeter.</p> <p>*Read and interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments, including protractor, explaining what each labelled division represents.</p> <p>*Solve problems involving the conversion of units and make sensible estimates of a range of measures in relation to everyday situations.</p> <p>*Use language associated with angle and know and use the angle sum of a triangle and that of angles at a point. Begin to recognise alternate and corresponding angles.</p> <p>*Measure and draw angles to the nearest degree, when constructing models and drawing or using shapes.</p>	<p>*Able to perform translations, reflections, rotations & simple enlargements.</p> <p>*Calculate area of Triangles and parallelograms.</p> <p>*Circumference and Area of a Circle.</p> <p>*Measure line segments and angles in geometric figures, including interpreting maps, scale drawings & use of bearings.</p> <p>*Calculate interior & exterior angles in polygons.</p>	<p>*Able to perform enlargements using a positive scale factor.</p> <p>*Able to perform combined transformations.</p> <p>*Length, area and volume of similar shapes.</p> <p>*Using properties of congruent triangles.</p> <p>*Calculate area of trapezia.</p> <p>*Calculate area of a sector.</p> <p>*Construction of triangles, bisectors & defining a locus.</p> <p>*Construct nets of 3D shapes</p> <p>*Use Pythagoras' theorem to calculate a missing side.</p> <p>*Use the Circle theorems, Cyclic quadrilaterals, tangents and chords.</p>	<p>*Able to perform enlargements using a negative scale factor.</p> <p>*Calculate area of a segment.</p> <p>*Calculate the volume & surface area of a prism.</p> <p>*Calculate the volume & surface area of a cylinder.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving loci.</p> <p>*Construct and interpret plans and elevations of 3D shapes.</p> <p>*Use Pythagoras' theorem in real life situations or In 3D</p> <p>*Use the Alternate segment theorem.</p>
<p>Probability & Statistics</p>	<p>*Is able to construct tally charts for discrete data.</p> <p>* Find the mode, mean, median or range for discrete data.</p>	<p>*Ask questions, plan how to answer them and collect & organise the data required, using a simple data collection sheet. Construct tally charts for discrete data.</p> <p>*Find the mode, mean, median and range for discrete data and the modal class for grouped data.</p>	<p>*Ask questions, plan how to answer them and collect the data required.</p> <p>*Understand and use the mean of discrete data and compare two simple distributions, using the range and one of mode, median or mean.</p>	<p>*Interpret and construct vertical line charts for ungrouped discrete numerical data.</p> <p>*Use appropriate measures of central tendency & spread (range).</p> <p>*Interpret and construct line graphs for time series data and know their appropriate use.</p> <p>*Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets through appropriate graphical representation involving discrete,</p>	<p>*Interpret & construct Stem & Leaf Diagrams.</p> <p>*Interpret & construct scatter diagrams.</p> <p>*Use appropriate measures of central tendency & spread (including consideration of outliers, quartiles and inter-quartile range).</p> <p>*Construct suitable surveys & questionnaires.</p>	<p>*Interpret & construct histograms (including bars of unequal widths)</p> <p>*Interpret & construct cumulative distribution diagrams.</p> <p>*Interpret & construct box plots.</p> <p>*Able to use suitable sampling techniques.</p>

	<p>*Is able to draw and interpret a bar or bar-line graph.</p> <p>*Is able to use some basic vocabulary to describe probability.</p> <p>*Is able to use the probability scale for 0, 0.5 and 1.</p> <p>* Record probability from a simple experiment and record in a frequency table.</p>	<p>*Construct graphs and diagrams to represent data, including: bar-line graphs; for discrete data. Interpret graphs and diagrams, excluding pie charts.</p> <p>*Use vocabulary and ideas of probability, drawing on experience.</p> <p>*Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1.</p> <p>*Collect, record and estimate probability from a simple experiment and record in a frequency table.</p>	<p>*Interpret graphs and diagrams, including pie charts, and draw conclusions.</p> <p>*Create and interpret line graphs where the intermediate values have meaning.</p> <p>*In probability, select methods based on equally likely outcomes and experimental evidence, as appropriate and use Venn diagrams.</p> <p>*Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1.</p> <p>*Understand that different outcomes may result from repeating an experiment.</p>	<p>continuous and grouped data, including box plots</p> <p>*Understand the meaning of mutually exclusive and exhaustive events.</p> <p>*Use two way tables.</p>	<p>*Use of Venn Diagrams to calculate probability</p> <p>*Able to use the addition rule for events.</p> <p>*Able to calculate probability of compound events.</p>	
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**Working towards Y7
Expected standards**

**Y7 Expected Standards
*MEETING***

**Working above Y7 Expected
Standards**

Working well above Y7 Expected Standards

Number

* Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100.

*Round positive whole numbers to the nearest 10 and 100.

* Understand negative numbers & order them.

* Use standard column procedures to + & - whole numbers and decimals with up to 1 place.

* Multiply and divide 2 and 3-digit by 1-digit whole numbers.

* Recognise multiples or factors.

*Know that squaring a number means multiply it by itself

*Use fraction notation to describe parts of shapes.

*Reduce a simple fractions to its simplest form.

*Begin to add & subtract simple fractions, only those with common denominators or calculate simple fractions of quantities & measurements.

*Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100, 1000 & explain the effect, compare and order decimals in different contexts & units.

*Round positive whole numbers to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 & decimals to the nearest whole number.

*Understand negative numbers, order them and perform simple calculations involving negative numbers.

*Use standard column procedures to add and subtract whole numbers and decimals with up to two places and interpret different contexts.

*Multiply and divide three-digit by two-digit whole numbers. Multiply and divide decimals by single-digit whole numbers.

*Recognise and use multiples and factors.

*Know the square numbers up to 10 x 10.

*Use fraction notation to describe parts of shapes and to express a smaller whole number as a fraction of a larger one. Use a diagram to compare two or more simple fractions.

*Reduce a fraction to its simplest form by cancelling common factors.

*Can add & subtract simple fractions, only those with common denominators. Calculate simple fractions of quantities and measurements.

*Understand percentage as the 'number of parts per 100'.

*Use understanding of place value to multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 and explain the effect.

*Use known facts, place value, knowledge of operations and brackets to calculate including using all four operations with decimals to two places.

*Apply inverse operations and approximate to check answers to problems are of the correct magnitude.

*Understand and use an appropriate non-calculator method for solving problems that involve multiplying and dividing any three digit number by any two-digit number.

*Use squares, positive & negative square roots, cubes & cube roots, and index notation for small positive integer powers. Use index notation for integer powers and simple instances of the index laws.

*Recognise and use number patterns and relationships eg. multiples, factors, primes. Including set theory, using Venn diagrams: appreciate the infinite nature of the sets of integers, real and rational numbers.

*Reduce a fraction to its simplest form by cancelling common factors.

* Add and subtract fractions that have a common denominator, including mixed numbers.

*Use a calculator where appropriate to calculate fractions/percentages of quantities/measurements.

*Round decimals to the nearest decimal place; order, subtract and add negative numbers in context.

*Simple fraction decimal conversions.

*Rounding to decimal places & significant figures.

*Order integers, decimals and fractions

*Add, subtract, multiply and divide negative numbers.

*Hierarchy of operations (BIDMAS).

*Using functions, interpret the reverse process as the 'inverse function'.

*Laws of indices.

*Able to change ordinary numbers to standard form & vice versa.

*Able to find Multiples, Factors & Primes.

*Add/Subtract/Multiply/Divide fractions w/out a calculator.

*Percentage increase & decrease

*Compound Interest & depreciation

*Calculate reverse percentages

*Can calculate one quantity as a percentage of another.

*Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions.

Ratio & Proportion & Rates of Change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Use ratio notation. * Recognise simple number patterns and relationships. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Use ratio notation, reduce a ratio to its simplest form. *Recognise and use simple number patterns and relationships. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Understand simple ratio, Consolidate understanding of the relationship between ratio and proportion. *Reduce a ratio to its simplest form, including a ratio expressed in different units, recognising links with fraction notation *Divide a quantity into two or more parts in a given ratio; use the unitary method to solve simple word problems involving ratio and direct proportion. *Solve simple problems involving ratio and direct proportion. *Use equivalence between fractions and order fractions and decimals. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Solving problems involving Distance, Speed and Time. *Solving problems involving Direct Proportion & Best Buys.
Algebra	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Describe simple integer sequences. *Know the meanings of <i>term</i>, <i>expression</i> or <i>equation</i>. *Begin to be able to simplify linear algebraic expressions by collecting positive like terms. *Express and solve simple functions in words. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Describe simple integer sequences, generate terms of a simple sequence given a rule and practical contexts. *Know the meanings of <i>term</i>, <i>expression</i> and <i>equation</i>. *Simplify linear algebraic expressions by collecting positive like terms. *Express and solve simple functions in words, then using symbols; represent them in mappings. *Use and interpret conventions/ notation for 2-D coordinates in the first quadrant. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Generate terms of a sequence using term-to-term and position-to-term definitions of the sequence. *Construct, express in symbolic form, and use simple formulae involving one or two operations. *Substitute integers into formulae. *Simplify and transform linear expressions by collecting like terms. *Multiply a single bracket. *Construct & solve simple linear equations with integer coefficients. *Begin to use graphs and set up equations to solve simple problems involving direct proportion. *Use and interpret Coordinates in all four quadrants. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Substitute into formulae & expressions, incl. scientific formulae. *Change of subject for simple formulae. *Expand double brackets. *Factorise simple algebraic expressions. *Construct & solve linear equations. *Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of identities & inequalities. *Able to draw Linear Graphs by plotting. *Know the difference between an equation and an identity.
Geometry & Measures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Identify a line of symmetry of a 2-D shape. *Is able to find the perimeter and area of a rectangle by counting. *Is able to identify coordinates in the first quadrant *Is beginning to be able to read simple scales. * Can recognise and know the names of triangles. *Identify parallel lines; know the sum of angles at a point or on a straight line or in a triangle. *Is beginning to be able to use a protractor. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Identify all the symmetries of 2-D shapes. *Reflect simple shapes in a mirror line. *Know and use the formula for the perimeter and area of a rectangle. *Read and interpret simple scales on a range of measuring instruments. *Use vocabulary, notation & labelling conventions for lines, the sides & angles of triangles & other shapes. *Identify parallel lines; know the sum of angles at a point, on a straight line and in a triangle. *Use a protractor to measure acute angles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Use a wider range of properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes and identify all the symmetries of 2-D shapes. *Reason about position and movement and transform shapes. *Understand and use the formula for the area of a rectangle and distinguish area from perimeter. *Read and interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments, including protractor, explaining what each labelled division represents. *Solve problems involving the conversion of units and make sensible estimates of a range of measures in relation to everyday situations. *Use language associated with angle and know and use the angle sum of a triangle and that of angles at a point. Begin to recognise alternate and corresponding angles. *Measure and draw angles to the nearest degree, when constructing models and drawing or using shapes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Able to perform translations, reflections, rotations & simple enlargements. *Calculate area of Triangles and parallelograms. *Circumference and Area of a Circle. *Measure line segments and angles in geometric figures, including interpreting maps, scale drawings & use of bearings. *Calculate interior & exterior angles in polygons.
Probability & Statistics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Is able to construct tally charts for discrete data. * Find the mode, mean, median or range for discrete data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Ask questions, plan how to answer them and collect & organise the data required, using a simple data collection sheet. Construct tally charts for discrete data. *Find the mode, mean, median and range for discrete data and the modal class for grouped data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Ask questions, plan how to answer them and collect the data required. *Understand and use the mean of discrete data and compare two simple distributions, using the range and one of mode, median or mean. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Interpret and construct vertical line charts for ungrouped discrete numerical data. *Use appropriate measures of central tendency & spread (range). *Interpret and construct line graphs for time series data and know their appropriate use. *Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets through appropriate graphical representation involving discrete, continuous and grouped data, including box plots

<p>*Is able to draw and interpret a bar or bar-line graph.</p> <p>*Is able to use some basic vocabulary to describe probability.</p> <p>*Is able to use the probability scale for 0, 0.5 and 1.</p> <p>* Record probability from a simple experiment and record in a frequency table.</p>	<p>*Construct graphs and diagrams to represent data, including: bar-line graphs; for discrete data. Interpret graphs and diagrams, excluding pie charts.</p> <p>*Use vocabulary and ideas of probability, drawing on experience.</p> <p>*Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1.</p> <p>*Collect, record and estimate probability from a simple experiment and record in a frequency table.</p>	<p>*Interpret graphs and diagrams, including pie charts, and draw conclusions.</p> <p>*Create and interpret line graphs where the intermediate values have meaning.</p> <p>*In probability, select methods based on equally likely outcomes and experimental evidence, as appropriate and use Venn diagrams.</p> <p>*Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1.</p> <p>*Understand that different outcomes may result from repeating an experiment.</p>	<p>*Understand the meaning of mutually exclusive and exhaustive events.</p> <p>*Use two way tables.</p>
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Working towards Y8 Expected standards	Y8 Expected Standards *MEETING*	Working above Y8 Expected Standards	Working well above Y8 Expected Standards
<p>Number</p> <p>*Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100, 1000 & explain the effect, compare and order decimals in different contexts & units. *Round positive whole numbers to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 & decimals to the nearest whole number.</p> <p>*Understand negative numbers, order them and perform simple calculations involving negative numbers. *Use standard column procedures to add and subtract whole numbers and decimals with up to two places and interpret different contexts. *Multiply and divide three-digit by two-digit whole numbers. Multiply and divide decimals by single-digit whole numbers. *Recognise and use multiples and factors. *Know the square numbers up to 10×10.</p> <p>*Use fraction notation to describe parts of shapes and to express a smaller whole number as a fraction of a larger one. Use a diagram to compare two or more simple fractions. *Reduce a fraction to its simplest form by cancelling common factors.</p> <p>*Can add & subtract simple fractions, only those with common denominators. Calculate <u>simple</u> fractions of quantities and measurements.</p> <p>*Understand percentage as the 'number of parts per 100'.</p>	<p>*Use understanding of place value to multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 and explain the effect. *Use known facts, place value, knowledge of operations and brackets to calculate including using all four operations with decimals to two places. *Apply inverse operations and approximate to check answers to problems are of the correct magnitude. *Understand and use an appropriate non-calculator method for solving problems that involve multiplying and dividing any three digit number by any two-digit number.</p> <p>*Use squares, positive & negative square roots, cubes & cube roots, and index notation for small positive integer powers. Use index notation for integer powers and simple instances of the index laws. *Recognise and use number patterns and relationships eg. multiples, factors, primes. Including set theory, using Venn diagrams: appreciate the infinite nature of the sets of integers, real and rational numbers. *Reduce a fraction to its simplest form by cancelling common factors. * Add and subtract fractions that have a common denominator, including mixed numbers. *Use a calculator where appropriate to calculate fractions/percentages of quantities/measurements. *Round decimals to the nearest decimal place; order, subtract and add negative numbers in context. *Simple fraction decimal conversions.</p>	<p>*Rounding to decimal places & significant figures. *Order integers, decimals and fractions *Add, subtract, multiply and divide negative numbers. *Hierarchy of operations (BIDMAS). *Using functions, interpret the reverse process as the 'inverse function'.</p> <p>*Laws of indices. *Able to change ordinary numbers to standard form & vice versa.</p> <p>*Able to find Multiples, Factors & Primes.</p> <p>*Add/Subtract/Multiply/Divide fractions w/out a calculator. *Percentage increase & decrease *Compound Interest & depreciation *Calculate reverse percentages *Can calculate one quantity as a percentage of another.</p> <p>*Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions.</p>	<p>*Find limits of accuracy. *Solve problems involving limits of accuracy.</p> <p>*Perform standard form calculations with & without a calculator.</p> <p>*Rational numbers and reciprocals. *Able to manipulate surds. *Find the LCM and HCF using Prime Factors, including use of Venn diagrams. *Add/Subtract/Multiply/Divide fractions with a calculator.</p> <p>*Change recurring decimals into their corresponding fractions and vice versa. *Change freely between related standard units eg. time, length, area, volume/capacity, mass and compound units e.g. speed, rates of pay, prices, density, pressure in numerical and algebraic contexts.</p>

Ratio & Proportion & Rates of Change	<p>*Use ratio notation, reduce a ratio to its simplest form.</p> <p>*Recognise and use simple number patterns and relationships.</p>	<p>*Understand simple ratio, Consolidate understanding of the relationship between ratio and proportion.</p> <p>*Reduce a ratio to its simplest form, including a ratio expressed in different units, recognising links with fraction notation</p> <p>*Divide a quantity into two or more parts in a given ratio; use the unitary method to solve simple word problems involving ratio and direct proportion.</p> <p>*Solve simple problems involving ratio and direct proportion.</p> <p>*Use equivalence between fractions and order fractions and decimals.</p>	<p>*Solving problems involving Distance, Speed and Time.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving Direct Proportion & Best Buys.</p>	<p>*Plot and interpret graphs of non-standard functions in real contexts, to find approximate solutions to problems such as simple kinematic problems involving distance & speed.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving Density, Mass and Volume.</p>
Algebra	<p>*Describe simple integer sequences, generate terms of a simple sequence given a rule and practical contexts.</p> <p>*Know the meanings of <i>term</i>, <i>expression</i> and <i>equation</i>.</p> <p>*Simplify linear algebraic expressions by collecting positive like terms.</p> <p>*Express and solve simple functions in words, then using symbols; represent them in mappings.</p> <p>*Use and interpret conventions/ notation for 2-D coordinates in the first quadrant.</p>	<p>*Generate terms of a sequence using term-to-term and position-to-term definitions of the sequence.</p> <p>*Construct, express in symbolic form, and use simple formulae involving one or two operations.</p> <p>*Substitute integers into formulae.</p> <p>*Simplify and transform linear expressions by collecting like terms. *Multiply a single bracket.</p> <p>*Construct & solve simple linear equations with integer coefficients.</p> <p>*Begin to use graphs and set up equations to solve simple problems involving direct proportion.</p> <p>*Use and interpret Coordinates in all four quadrants.</p>	<p>*Substitute into formulae & expressions, incl. scientific formulae.</p> <p>*Change of subject for simple formulae.</p> <p>*Expand double brackets.</p> <p>*Factorise simple algebraic expressions.</p> <p>*Construct & solve linear equations.</p> <p>*Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of identities & inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to draw Linear Graphs by plotting.</p> <p>*Know the difference between an equation and an identity.</p>	<p>*Using functions, interpret the succession of two functions as a 'composite function' (the use of formal function notation is expected).</p> <p>*Manipulate algebraic expressions.</p> <p>*Change of subject for harder formulae</p> <p>*Simplify algebraic fractions.</p> <p>*Simplifying expressions involving sums, products and powers, including the laws of indices.</p> <p>*Solve simultaneous equations.</p> <p>*Solving problems using simultaneous equations.</p> <p>*Solve Inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to use $y=mx+c$ to draw a graph.</p> <p>*Factorising quadratic expressions of the form $x^2 + bx + c$, including the difference of two squares.</p> <p>*Use trial & improvement.</p> <p>*Argue mathematically to show algebraic expressions are equivalent.</p> <p>*Use algebra to support and construct simple arguments and proofs.</p>
Geometry & Measures	<p>*Identify all the symmetries of 2-D shapes.</p> <p>*Reflect simple shapes in a mirror line.</p> <p>*Know and use the formula for the perimeter and area of a rectangle.</p> <p>*Read and interpret simple scales on a range of measuring instruments.</p>	<p>*Use a wider range of properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes and identify all the symmetries of 2-D shapes.</p> <p>*Reason about position and movement and transform shapes.</p> <p>*Understand and use the formula for the area of a rectangle and distinguish area from perimeter.</p> <p>*Read and interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments, including protractor, explaining what each labelled division represents.</p>	<p>*Able to perform translations, reflections, rotations & simple enlargements.</p> <p>*Calculate area of Triangles and parallelograms.</p> <p>*Circumference and Area of a Circle.</p> <p>*Measure line segments and angles in geometric figures, including interpreting maps, scale drawings & use of bearings.</p>	<p>*Able to perform enlargements using a positive scale factor.</p> <p>*Able to perform combined transformations.</p> <p>*Length, area and volume of similar shapes.</p> <p>*Using properties of congruent triangles.</p> <p>*Calculate area of trapezia.</p> <p>*Calculate area of a sector.</p> <p>*Construction of triangles, bisectors & defining a locus.</p>

	<p>*Use vocabulary, notation & labelling conventions for lines, the sides & angles of triangles & other shapes.</p> <p>*Identify parallel lines; know the sum of angles at a point, on a straight line and in a triangle.</p> <p>*Use a protractor to measure acute angles.</p>	<p>*Solve problems involving the conversion of units and make sensible estimates of a range of measures in relation to everyday situations.</p> <p>*Use language associated with angle and know and use the angle sum of a triangle and that of angles at a point. Begin to recognise alternate and corresponding angles.</p> <p>*Measure and draw angles to the nearest degree, when constructing models and drawing or using shapes.</p>	<p>*Calculate interior & exterior angles in polygons.</p>	<p>*Construct nets of 3D shapes</p> <p>*Use Pythagoras' theorem to calculate a missing side.</p> <p>*Use the Circle theorems, Cyclic quadrilaterals, tangents and chords.</p>
<p>Probability & Statistics</p>	<p>*Ask questions, plan how to answer them and collect & organise the data required, using a simple data collection sheet. Construct tally charts for discrete data.</p> <p>*Find the mode, mean, median and range for discrete data and the modal class for grouped data.</p> <p>*Construct graphs and diagrams to represent data, including: bar-line graphs; for discrete data. Interpret graphs and diagrams, excluding pie charts.</p> <p>*Use vocabulary and ideas of probability, drawing on experience.</p> <p>*Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1.</p> <p>*Collect, record and estimate probability from a simple experiment and record in a frequency table.</p>	<p>*Ask questions, plan how to answer them and collect the data required.</p> <p>*Understand and use the mean of discrete data and compare two simple distributions, using the range and one of mode, median or mean.</p> <p>*Interpret graphs and diagrams, including pie charts, and draw conclusions.</p> <p>*Create and interpret line graphs where the intermediate values have meaning.</p> <p>*In probability, select methods based on equally likely outcomes and experimental evidence, as appropriate and use Venn diagrams.</p> <p>*Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1.</p> <p>*Understand that different outcomes may result from repeating an experiment.</p>	<p>*Interpret and construct vertical line charts for ungrouped discrete numerical data.</p> <p>*Use appropriate measures of central tendency & spread (range).</p> <p>*Interpret and construct line graphs for time series data and know their appropriate use.</p> <p>*Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets through appropriate graphical representation involving discrete, continuous and grouped data, including box plots</p> <p>*Understand the meaning of mutually exclusive and exhaustive events.</p> <p>*Use two way tables.</p>	<p>*Interpret & construct Stem & Leaf Diagrams.</p> <p>*Interpret & construct scatter diagrams.</p> <p>*Use appropriate measures of central tendency & spread (including consideration of outliers, quartiles and inter-quartile range).</p> <p>*Construct suitable surveys & questionnaires.</p> <p>*Use of Venn Diagrams to calculate probability</p> <p>*Able to use the addition rule for events.</p> <p>*Able to calculate probability of compound events.</p>

	Working towards Y9 Expected standards	Y9 Expected Standards *MEETING*	Working above Y9 Expected Standards	Working well above Y9 Expected Standards
Number	<p>*Use understanding of place value to multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 and explain the effect.</p> <p>*Use known facts, place value, knowledge of operations and brackets to calculate including using all four operations with decimals to two places.</p> <p>*Apply inverse operations and approximate to check answers to problems are of the correct magnitude.</p> <p>*Understand and use an appropriate non-calculator method for solving problems that involve multiplying and dividing any three digit number by any two-digit number.</p> <p>*Use squares, positive & negative square roots, cubes & cube roots, and index notation for small positive integer powers. Use index notation for integer powers and simple instances of the index laws.</p> <p>*Recognise and use number patterns and relationships eg. multiples, factors, primes. Including set theory, using Venn diagrams: appreciate the infinite nature of the sets of integers, real and rational numbers.</p> <p>*Reduce a fraction to its simplest form by cancelling common factors.</p> <p>* Add and subtract fractions that have a common denominator, including mixed numbers.</p> <p>*Use a calculator where appropriate to calculate fractions/percentages of quantities/measurements.</p> <p>*Round decimals to the nearest decimal place; order, subtract and add negative numbers in context.</p> <p>*Simple fraction decimal conversions.</p>	<p>*Rounding to decimal places & significant figures.</p> <p>*Order integers, decimals and fractions</p> <p>*Add, subtract, multiply and divide negative numbers.</p> <p>*Hierarchy of operations (BIDMAS).</p> <p>*Using functions, interpret the reverse process as the 'inverse function'.</p> <p>*Laws of indices.</p> <p>*Able to change ordinary numbers to standard form & vice versa.</p> <p>*Able to find Multiples, Factors & Primes.</p> <p>*Add/Subtract/Multiply/Divide fractions w/out a calculator.</p> <p>*Percentage increase & decrease</p> <p>*Compound Interest & depreciation</p> <p>*Calculate reverse percentages</p> <p>*Can calculate one quantity as a percentage of another.</p> <p>*Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions.</p>	<p>*Find limits of accuracy.</p> <p>*Solve problems involving limits of accuracy.</p> <p>*Perform standard form calculations with & without a calculator.</p> <p>*Rational numbers and reciprocals.</p> <p>*Able to manipulate surds.</p> <p>*Find the LCM and HCF using Prime Factors, including use of Venn diagrams.</p> <p>*Add/Subtract/Multiply/Divide fractions with a calculator.</p> <p>*Change recurring decimals into their corresponding fractions and vice versa.</p> <p>*Change freely between related standard units eg. time, length, area, volume/capacity, mass and compound units e.g. speed, rates of pay, prices, density, pressure in numerical and algebraic contexts.</p>	<p>*Find exact solutions involving fractions, surds and multiples of π; simplify surd expressions and rationalise.</p>

<p>Ratio & Proportion & Rates of Change</p>	<p>*Understand simple ratio, Consolidate understanding of the relationship between ratio and proportion.</p> <p>*Reduce a ratio to its simplest form, including a ratio expressed in different units, recognising links with fraction notation</p> <p>*Divide a quantity into two or more parts in a given ratio; use the unitary method to solve simple word problems involving ratio and direct proportion.</p> <p>*Solve simple problems involving ratio and direct proportion.</p> <p>*Use equivalence between fractions and order fractions and decimals.</p>	<p>*Solving problems involving Distance, Speed and Time.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving Direct Proportion & Best Buys.</p>	<p>*Plot and interpret graphs of non-standard functions in real contexts, to find approximate solutions to problems such as simple kinematic problems involving distance & speed.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving Density, Mass and Volume.</p>	<p>*Plot & interpret graphs and solve problems involving acceleration.</p>
<p>Algebra</p>	<p>*Generate terms of a sequence using term-to-term and position-to-term definitions of the sequence.</p> <p>*Construct, express in symbolic form, and use simple formulae involving one or two operations.</p> <p>*Substitute integers into formulae.</p> <p>*Simplify and transform linear expressions by collecting like terms. *Multiply a single bracket.</p> <p>*Construct & solve simple linear equations with integer coefficients.</p> <p>*Begin to use graphs and set up equations to solve simple problems involving direct proportion.</p> <p>*Use and interpret Coordinates in all four quadrants.</p>	<p>*Substitute into formulae & expressions, incl. scientific formulae.</p> <p>*Change of subject for simple formulae.</p> <p>*Expand double brackets.</p> <p>*Factorise simple algebraic expressions.</p> <p>*Construct & solve linear equations.</p> <p>*Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of identities & inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to draw Linear Graphs by plotting.</p> <p>*Know the difference between an equation and an identity.</p>	<p>*Using functions, interpret the succession of two functions as a 'composite function' (the use of formal function notation is expected).</p> <p>*Manipulate algebraic expressions.</p> <p>*Change of subject for harder formulae</p> <p>*Simplify algebraic fractions.</p> <p>*Simplifying expressions involving sums, products and powers, including the laws of indices.</p> <p>*Solve simultaneous equations.</p> <p>*Solving problems using simultaneous equations.</p> <p>*Solve Inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to use $y=mx+c$ to draw a graph.</p> <p>*Factorising quadratic expressions of the form $x^2 + bx + c$, including the difference of two squares.</p> <p>*Use trial & improvement.</p> <p>*Argue mathematically to show algebraic expressions are equivalent.</p> <p>*Use algebra to support and construct simple arguments and proofs.</p>	<p>*Solve simultaneous equations – one linear and one non-linear – algebraically & with graphs.</p> <p>*Solving equations by the method of intersection.</p> <p>*Shade regions by graphing Inequalities.</p> <p>*Able to find the equation of graphs of related parallel and perpendicular lines.</p> <p>*Able to draw Quadratic Graphs.</p> <p>*Recognise significant Points on quadratic graphs</p> <p>*Recognise & sketch other graphs eg. Cubic & reciprocal.</p> <p>*Recognise & sketch the trig graphs.</p> <p>*Transformation of graphs $y = f(x)$</p> <p>*Factorising quadratic expressions of the form: $ax^2 + bx + c$ ($a \neq 1$).</p> <p>*Solving quadratic equations by factorisation.</p> <p>*Solving quadratic equations by the quadratic formula.</p> <p>*Solving quadratic equation by completing the square.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving quadratic equations.</p> <p>*Using trial & Improvement, using iteration.</p> <p>*Use algebra to support and construct harder arguments and proofs.</p>

<p>Geometry & Measures</p>	<p>*Use a wider range of properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes and identify all the symmetries of 2-D shapes.</p> <p>*Reason about position and movement and transform shapes.</p> <p>*Understand and use the formula for the area of a rectangle and distinguish area from perimeter.</p> <p>*Read and interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments, including protractor, explaining what each labelled division represents.</p> <p>*Solve problems involving the conversion of units and make sensible estimates of a range of measures in relation to everyday situations.</p> <p>*Use language associated with angle and know and use the angle sum of a triangle and that of angles at a point. Begin to recognise alternate and corresponding angles.</p> <p>*Measure and draw angles to the nearest degree, when constructing models and drawing or using shapes.</p>	<p>*Able to perform translations, reflections, rotations & simple enlargements.</p> <p>*Calculate area of Triangles and parallelograms.</p> <p>*Circumference and Area of a Circle.</p> <p>*Measure line segments and angles in geometric figures, including interpreting maps, scale drawings & use of bearings.</p> <p>*Calculate interior & exterior angles in polygons.</p>	<p>*Able to perform enlargements using a positive scale factor.</p> <p>*Able to perform combined transformations.</p> <p>*Length, area and volume of similar shapes.</p> <p>*Using properties of congruent triangles.</p> <p>*Calculate area of trapezia.</p> <p>*Calculate area of a sector.</p> <p>*Construction of triangles, bisectors & defining a locus.</p> <p>*Construct nets of 3D shapes</p> <p>*Use Pythagoras' theorem to calculate a missing side.</p> <p>*Use the Circle theorems, Cyclic quadrilaterals, tangents and chords.</p>	<p>*Able to perform enlargements using a negative scale factor.</p> <p>*Calculate area of a segment.</p> <p>*Calculate the volume & surface area of a prism.</p> <p>*Calculate the volume & surface area of a cylinder.</p> <p>*Solving problems involving loci.</p> <p>*Construct and interpret plans and elevations of 3D shapes.</p> <p>*Use Pythagoras' theorem in real life situations or In 3D</p> <p>*Use the Alternate segment theorem.</p>
<p>Probability & Statistics</p>	<p>*Ask questions, plan how to answer them and collect the data required.</p> <p>*Understand and use the mean of discrete data and compare two simple distributions, using the range and one of mode, median or mean.</p> <p>*Interpret graphs and diagrams, including pie charts, and draw conclusions.</p> <p>*Create and interpret line graphs where the intermediate values have meaning.</p> <p>*In probability, select methods based on equally likely outcomes and experimental evidence, as appropriate and use Venn diagrams.</p> <p>*Understand and use the probability scale from 0 to 1.</p> <p>*Understand that different outcomes may result from repeating an experiment.</p>	<p>*Interpret and construct vertical line charts for ungrouped discrete numerical data.</p> <p>*Use appropriate measures of central tendency & spread (range).</p> <p>*Interpret and construct line graphs for time series data and know their appropriate use.</p> <p>*Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets through appropriate graphical representation involving discrete, continuous and grouped data, including box plots</p> <p>*Understand the meaning of mutually exclusive and exhaustive events.</p> <p>*Use two way tables.</p>	<p>*Interpret & construct Stem & Leaf Diagrams.</p> <p>*Interpret & construct scatter diagrams.</p> <p>*Use appropriate measures of central tendency & spread (including consideration of outliers, quartiles and inter-quartile range).</p> <p>*Construct suitable surveys & questionnaires.</p> <p>*Use of Venn Diagrams to calculate probability</p> <p>*Able to use the addition rule for events.</p> <p>*Able to calculate probability of compound events.</p>	<p>*Interpret & construct histograms (including bars of unequal widths)</p> <p>*Interpret & construct cumulative distribution diagrams.</p> <p>*Interpret & construct box plots.</p> <p>*Able to use suitable sampling techniques.</p>